OPERATING MANUAL





DRYING OVEN

OVE15-050



labstac.com

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1. Application range

This drying oven is used in medical treatment unit, industry and mining enterprise, universities and colleges and scientific research for drying, melting wax, sterilizing and disinfecting. don't use it to dry any volatile, inflammable and explosive items.

2. Product structure

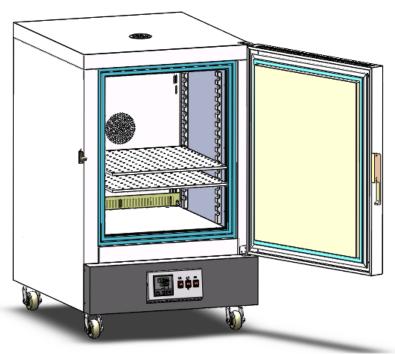


Figure 1



Figure 2
The lower part of the working chamber of this product is equipped with stainless steel finned high-

temperature resistant heating tubes, which are also equipped with a blower device. The temperature is controlled by a thermometer to maintain a constant level. During operation, air flows in through the air inlet hole at the bottom of the box, is heated by the high-temperature resistant heating tubes, and then flows into the working chamber through the blower device, and is finally discharged through the air outlet hole at the top of the box. There is aluminum silicate insulation material between the working chamber and the shell. The shell is made of steel plate and the surface of the box is treated with oil spraying. The working chambers are respectively made of high-temperature resistant 304 stainless steel plates.

3. Product model and parameter

model	Interior size (mm)		Exterior size (mm) voltag		voltag e	Powe r (KW	Temp.rang e	Fluctuatio n		
	Н	W	D	Н	W	D	AC(V))	(°C)	(°C)
OVE15-05 0	450	350	350	1050	580	650	220	4.5	RT+5-600	±5%

Table 1

4. Operation

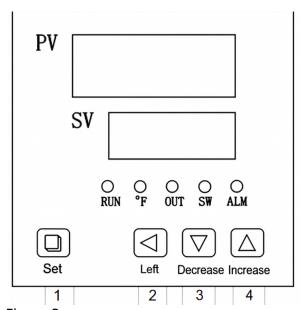


Figure 3

- 1. setting 2. Shift / self identification
- 3. Reduce / rerun 4. increase

Indicator definition:

- 1., "RUN/AT" indicator: when running, this light is lit, the end of the regular time to extinguish; self timer, the lights flashing
- 2. "OUT" indicator light: when heating output, this light is lit, and on the contrary, it goes out
- 3. "ALM" indicator: there is a temperature deviation alarm or abnormal temperature measurement, this light is lit, there is a temperature deviation warning, this light flashes, and otherwise extinguished

- 4. "" indicator light: when the unit of temperature is Fahrenheit, the lamp lights up and turns off
- 5. "SW" indicator: reserved, invalid.

Operation and use method:

- 1. meters, the upper display display window "indexing and instrument models", "row display version number" after about 2 seconds into the normal state.
- 2. temperature and time reference and setting
- 1) if there is no timing function:

Click the "set" button, enter the set temperature, the display window on the display prompt "SP", lower display setting temperature, can be reduced by shifting, increase key modifications to the desired set value; then click "setup" button to exit the setting state, the set value automatically save changes.

2) if there is a timer function

Click the "set" button, enter the set temperature, the display window on the display prompt "SP", lower display setting temperature, modification method ibid; then click the "set" button, enter the time to set state, the display window on the display prompt "ST", the lower display time set value; then click the "set" key to exit the setting state, modify the set value automatically saved.

When the time is set to "0", said there is no timing function, instrument continuous operation, the display window shows lower temperature setting value; when the setting time is "0", the display window shows lower running time, "Fu said" light, start time, "Fu said" flashing time, running time the end of the display window, the lower display "End", the buzzer interrupted EST seconds (see the tweet internal parameter table -2) after stop singing. From time to time after the end of the run, according to the "reduce" button for 3 seconds to start running.

Explanation: for type PC-C6000 meters, the term "symbol" is "time unit"";

For the PC-E6000 type instrument, "Fu said" to "lower display of a decimal point.

3. abnormal alarm of temperature measurement value

If the display window on the display, "said temperature sensor fault or temperature exceeds the measuring range or instrument failure, the instrument automatically disconnect the heating output, buzzer sound, alarm lamp lit, please carefully check the temperature sensor and wiring.

- 4. error over temperature alarm, buzzer beep, beep beep, ALM alarm lamp lit, disconnect the heating output; deviation over temperature alarm, buzzer beep, beep beep, "ALM" alarm lights; if due to the change of temperature setting value and over temperature alarm, "ALM" alarm lamp lit, but the buzzer sounds.
- 5. when the buzzer calls, press any key to mute
- 6. "shift" key: in the set state, click this button to make the setting value shift, flicker, modify; in the normal display state, long press this button for 6 seconds, you can enter the temperature self-tuning selection state
- 7. "reduced" button: click this button in the setting of the set value decreasing, press this button to set the value of continuous decline; in the normal display state, when the time after the end of the run, press this button for 3 seconds to start running.
- "8. increase" button: click this button in the setting of the set value increasing, press this button to set the value of continuous increasing; in the normal display state, for the PC-C6000 type instrument, click this button to switch the LCD backlight.

System self-tuning

When the temperature control effect is not ideal, the system can be adjusted automatically. During the self setting process, the temperature will be greatly overshoot. The user should take full account of this factor before making the system self-tuning

Set state long press "shift" button for 6 seconds after entering the system self-tuning state in the upper

display self-tuning prompt "AT" into the show "oFF", click "add" or "reduced" button to select "on" or "oFF", "on" is displayed in the, click on the "set" button, the instrument into the system self-tuning state [AT] indicator light flashes, self tuning is completed, [AT] stop flashing lights, PID controller will get a better, parameters automatically saved in the system. The auto tuning process in long press "shift" button for 6 seconds after the suspension tuning procedures.

In the system of the auto tuning process if there is deviation over temperature alarm, ALM alarm lamp is not lit, the buzzer is not sound, but heating alarm relay will automatically disconnect. In the system in the process of setting the "set" button is invalid. In the system tuning process regardless of whether there is constant time setting controller, display window always shows the lower temperature setting value.

Reference and setting of temperature internal parameters

Press the set button for about 3 seconds, the instrument display window on the display the password prompt "Lc" row display password value, by increasing, decreasing and the shift key, to modify the password required value. Then click the settings button, if the password value is not correct, the instrument can automatically return to normal state, if the password is correct. Then into the temperature parameters, click setting key again can modify various parameters. Then press the set button for 3 seconds, can exit the state parameters automatically saved as shown in the table below:

Internal parameter table -1

Parameter indication	Parameter name	Parameter function description	Factory default (range)
Lc	password when "Lc=3" can view and modify parameter values		0
ALH	Up deviation alarm over temperature	when "Temperature measurement value > temperature setting value +HAL", There is a deviation over temperature alarm (see \pm .4).	(0∼100.0°C) 20.0
ALL	Lower deviation overtemperature alarm	when "Temperature measurement value $<$ temperature setting value -ALL", There is down deviation over temperature alarm (see \pm .4) \circ explain: when "ALL=0", False alarm is invalid \circ	(0∼100.0°C) 0
Р	proportional band	Time proportional action regulation.	Note 1
1	integration time	Integral action regulation	$(1{\sim}2000 \text{ second})$
d	rate time	Differential action regulation	(0~1000 second) 200
Т	control cycle	Heating control cycle	(1 \sim 60 second) Note 2
Pb	Measuring temperature deviation correction	It is usually used to correct the errors produced by cryogenic measurements Pb= actual temperature values - instrument measurements.	(-50.0∼50.0°C) 0

PL	Measurement of temperature slope correction	Often used to correct errors in high temperature measurements PL= 1000 * (Actual temperature - instrument measurements) ÷ Instrument measuring value	(-999~999) 0
Addr	postal address	l address Reserve, Invalid (
Loc	Locked	O: Temperature or time setting can be modified 1: Do not modify the setting of temperature or time	(0~1) 0

Table 2

note 1: CU50 type: $(0.1\sim100.0^{\circ}\text{C})$ 20.0; the others: $(0.1\sim300.0^{\circ}\text{C})$ 35.0 note 2: The control period of the relay output type instrument .the factory default 20 second, the others are 5 seconds

Internal parameter table -2

Parameter indication	Parameter name	Parameter function description	Factory default (range)
Lc	password	when"Lc=9" View and modify parameter values	0
ndA	Temperature alarm mode	0: Only temperature deviation over temperature alarm; 1: At the same time there are temperature, down deviation, over temperature alarm;	(0~1) 0
ndc	temperature control	0: Fuzzy PID control; 1: stepping control	(0~1) 0
dE1	stepping control deviation	when "Temperature measurement value > temperature setpoint + dE1", Turn off heating output; when "Temperature measurement value	(0∼100.0°C) 0
dE2	stepping control lower deviation	<temperature control.<="" explain:="" heating="" in="" is="" it="" on="" only="" output.="" parameter="" setpoint—de2",="" stepping="" td="" this="" turn="" valid="" when=""><td>(0∼100.0°C) 0</td></temperature>	(0∼100.0°C) 0
ndT	timing mode	0: No timing function; 1: Constant temperature timing; 2: Boot timing	(0~2) 1
Hn	Constant temperature timer	0: Minute timer; 1: Hour timer	(0~1) 0
SPd	Constant temperature deviation	when"Temperature measurement value≥temperature setpoint—SPd", enter into a state of constant temperature	(0.1~100.0°C) 0.5

SPT	Constant temperature Prompt time	When entering a constant temperature, the buzzer prompts the time. note: when "SPT=9999", Permanent prompt.	$(0\sim9999$ second)
EST	Time end prompt time	When the timer is over, the buzzer indicates the time. note: when "EST=9999", Permanent prompt.	(0∼9999 second) 60
ЕН	whether the timer end up with constant temperature control	0: Turn off heating output at the end of the timer; 1: Continue the constant temperature control after the end of the timer.	(0~1) 0
ndo	Switch output mode	 0: At the end of the timer, there is a switch output; 1: Over temperature alarm, there is a switch output; 2: When starting the constant temperature timing, there is a switch output. Note 3 	(0~2) 1
oPn	Gating function	0: Close the door and judge the function;1: Open the door and judge the function. Note 4	(0~1) 0
nP	maximizing power output	Maximum power percentage of heating output	(0~100%) 100
Со	Turn off heating output bias	when "Temperature measurement value≥temperature setpoint +Co", Turn off heating output. Description: this parameter is valid only when PID is in control	(0~100.0) 50.0
SPL	Minimum temperature setpoint	Minimum value of temperature setting	Note 5
SPH	Maximum temperature setting	Maximum value of temperature setting	Note 6

Table 3

note 3: Only model PC-6201 (solid state relay with switching output) of the instrument to have this function, there is a switch output refers to the relay normally open point closed

Note 4: To avoid false positives, choose a closed door opening function for a system that does not need to open the door to judge or cool down very quickly $_{\circ}$

Note 5: PT100 type: $(-50.0 \sim 50.0 °C)$ 0; the others: $(0 \sim 50.0 °C)$ 0

Note 6: PT100 type: $(SPL\sim400.0^{\circ}C)$ 300.0; CU50 type: $(SPL\sim100.0^{\circ}C)$ 100.0;

E/K typethermocouple: (SPL \sim 600.0°C) 300.0;

Internal parameter table-3

Parameter indication	Parameter name	Parameter function description	(Factory default (range)
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Lc	password	when"Lc=27" View and modify parameter values	0
Fc	Temperature unit	0: degree Celsius; 1: Fahrenheit degree	Note 7

Table 4

Note 7: PT100/CU50 hot resistance: (0 \sim 1) 0; E/K type hot resistance: (0 \sim 0) 0;

Internal parameter table -4

Parameter indication	Parameter name	Parameter function description	Factory default (range)
Lc	password	when"Lc=567" View and modify parameter values	0
rST	Factory Reset	cancel factory reset; Confirm recover factory reset.	(0~1) 0

Table 5

5. Troubleshooting

Trouble	Failure analysis and solutions		
1.The equipment fails to work after power is connected	* there is something wrong with power , ask an electrician for help * heating wire burned out, test the two end resistance value of heat ware ,if resistance value is 0 , It means that the heating wire is short-circuit , it occurs switch trip ; if the resistance value is hundred Kohm or infinity ,it means that heat ware is open circuit power switch blade is off The power switch is on ,check the control circuit board and cable		
2.temperature stops rising	* Check timing whether it is timing settings; * Most users do not understand the function, when reaches timing value, the heating wire stops working, the fan fails to work, temperature stops increasing. * Check whether the fan is working, if fails (use multi-meter to test the voltage of fan pin whether it is 220V), then call us to send accessories to solve * Checking control panel with a multi-meter to see whether there is output, according to the drawing; (Drawings attached).		
3.motor fails to run	Result : it is running, but the airflow is unable to circulate ,lead to temperature rises slowly ,then contact us		
4.handle is broken	Replace and contact supplier		

5.there are differences between the temperature which panel displays and mercury temp.	premise: Thermometer need to be tested whether it is qualified then to measure The installation position of mercury :hang the thermometer in the center of chamber ,avoid putting on the shelf to measure Refer to the parameter adjustment table	
6.temperature appears bounce or keep stationary ,or abnormal ""	* there is something wrong with temperature sensor , should to be replaced . Note : sensor adopts Pt100 platinum resistance	

6. Wiring diagram

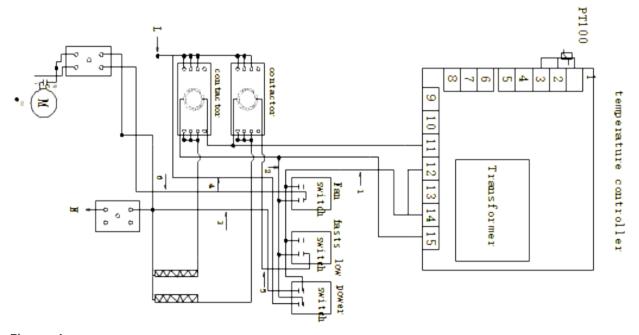


Figure 4

7. Notice

- 1. The samples should not be placed too crowded, so as not to affect convection inside the chamber. Please connect the oven with protective conductor terminal according to relevant regulations. in order to be safe, don't touch electrical circuit which is in the left oven with hand and wet cloth
- 2. Don't splash water to observation door, or it may crack
- 3. Don't use this kind of oven to dry inflammable, volatile and explosive substance, or it may cause explosion

8. Maintain

- 1. Drying oven should be kept clean, please use cotton cloth to clean glass door, in order to avoid chemical reaction, do not use corrosive chemical solution to sweep
- 2. If the drying oven is not used for a long period, in order to avoid corrosion, apply neutral grease or Vaseline in the electroplating pieces. and placed in a dry indoors
- 3. Please operate this oven according to our manual, if there is something wrong with this oven, please refer to below solution.

9. Packing List

Name	Quantit y	Remark s
Drying oven	1	
Shelf	2	
English manual	1	



Labstac LLC

82 Wendell Avenue, STE 100, Pittsfield, MA, 01201, USA Email: contact@labstac.com | Website: labstac.com